

Retimix - Shotcrete Health and Safety Policy

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1. Health and Safety Policy

Retimix Shotcrete Ltd is part of Retimix. Retimix is committed to health and safety and will ensure, so far as reasonably practicable, the health and safety of all our workers and other persons who may be put at risk from our work or our work environments.

In addition to upholding our customer health and safety requirements and standards when being contracted for our shotcrete services, Retimix also upholds its duty of care by, so far as reasonably practicable in:

- Complying with the Health and Safety at Work Act (HSWA) 2015 and Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, standards, relevant codes of practice and guidelines;
- Providing and maintaining a work environment, or work premises, that is without risks to health and safety;
- Providing and maintaining safe plant, machinery and equipment, and structures;
- Providing and maintaining safe systems of work;
- Ensuring the safe use, handling, storage and transportation of hazardous substances;
- Providing and maintaining adequate facilities for the welfare of workers;
- Monitoring of the health of our workers and the conditions in the workplace to prevent illness or injury;
- Providing any information, training instructions or supervision necessary to protect our workers from the risks relating to their work;
- Ensure all contractors are suitably qualified to undertake the work for which they are engaged;
- Accurately reporting and recording all workplace events (injury/illness/incident/near miss);
- Consulting with and encouraging the participation of other duty holders, our workers and their representatives on matters affecting health and safety;
- Ensuring appropriate processes are in place for receiving, considering and responding in a timely manner to information regarding incidents, hazards, and risks;
- Providing safe means of access and egress to and from places of work;
- Reviewing, revising and evaluating our health and safety management systems and processes at regular intervals to ensure continuous improvement; and
- Supporting the safe and early return to work of injured workers.

Management acknowledges and accepts its responsibilities for health and safety standards in the workplace. However, we seek cooperation from all workers in achieving our health and safety objectives and expect that workers will:

- Take reasonable care for their own health and safety;
- Take reasonable care they do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons; Follow our policy and procedures;
- Comply with any reasonable instructions given;
- Identify hazards, assess and control risks to health and safety that are under their control;Use any Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) provided; and
- Report all hazards, accidents and incidents (events) to their supervisor in a timely manner.

The below name and signature is written confirmation that the identified has read and understood this policy, and when engaged with and/or representing Retimix, Retimix Shotcrete LTD or any other provision under the Retimix brand; they agree to implement and uphold all Health and Safety expectations, as noted within this policy and/or as instructed by any Retimix staff.

Any breaches of Retimix's health and safety expectations, will be taken seriously and may result in disciplinary action, up to and including dismissal.

Name		
Signature	Date	/ / DD/MM/YYYY



2. Overview of Health and Safety Procedures

Due to being a contracted service provider, Retimix mostly operates under and in accordance with our Customer's workplace tasks, behaviours and environment Health and Safety requirements.

However, for internal health and safety procedures and when Retimix is the lead for any service provision health and safety, Retimix uses advice and the guideline resources provided by <u>Site Safe</u> to assist us in addressing those requirements of the Health and Safety at Work Act (HSWA) 2015 and Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016 applicable to Retimix's staff, services and environments.

This supports us in ensuring we address our primary duty to "ensure, so far as reasonably practicable, the health and safety of our workers while they are at work" and our duty to "ensure that the health and safety of other persons is not put at risk from work we carry out".

Our health and safety procedures support us in:

- Our commitment to being safe and safety management;
- Monitoring and improving health and safety;
- Ensuring our workplace safety procedures include risk management;
- Providing and maintaining safe plant, machinery and equipment, including any Personal Protective Equipment (PPE);
- Facilitating and upholding the welfare of all workers and worker participation processes;
- Providing all applicable information and any necessary training and supervision to our workers;
- Operating to reporting, recording and investigation procedures, including notification of notifiable events toWorkSafe NZ;
- Having emergency planning for our workplace;
- Monitoring and reviewing our health and safety policies and procedures;

For the purpose of continuity in this document, the term:

Worker is defined as "A person who carries out work in anycapacity for a PCBU (includes employees, contractors, subcontractors, employees of labour hire companies, apprentice or trainee, person gaining work experience and volunteers)".

Workplace is defined as "any place where a worker goes, or is likely to be, while at work" and includes "a vehicle, vessel, aircraft, ship or other mobile structure".

3. Health and Safety Management

The resources we use include documentation that supports our health and safety management and monitoring, enabling us to be efficient and proactive with our health and safety duties, and demonstrate continuous improvement in workplace health and safety.

When operating on behalf of a Customer, Retimix works collaboratively with our Customer's to support their identification, management and monitoring of any person, project or environment health and safety requirements, including completing any applicable documentation (e.g. Health and Safety Meeting Checklists) or attending any applicable meetings (e.g. Health and Safety Committee Meetings).

4. Emergency Management

As required under the Fire Safety and Evacuation of Buildings Regulations 2006, Retimix will ensure any buildings we are responsible for have an appropriate fire evacuation plan or scheme for the safe exit from the building in the event of a fire.

All exits are to be marked and kept clear of stacked materials or obstruction.

We will ensure that any required fire equipment is maintained to a schedule and appropriate Fire Evacuation Notices are provided throughout our workplace.



Emergency Management Cont.

Each Resource Pack contains an Emergency Plan template, which details the following:

- Emergency Situations
- Emergency Procedures
- Emergency Signal
- Method of Communication With All Workers In An Emergency
- Frequency of Testing Required for Emergency Procedures
- Important Emergency Contacts
- The Location of the Assembly Area(s)

We will provide a completed Emergency Plan for our workplace and ensure it is available for our workers (and contractors) wherever they are doing work. A summary of the Emergency Plan is also listed on the Hazard Board and Site Safe Specific Plan (if applicable).

The supervisor/manager of the workplace is responsible for ensuring that the Emergency Plan is kept up to date and that all workers (including contract workers) have read this and are familiar with its content. All workers will be taken through the Emergency Plan as part of their Job Induction.

As a PCBU we will ensure we provide up to date first aid equipment and facilities for health and safety in our workplace/s. We will also ensure an adequate number of workers are trained to administer first aid or that our workers have access to a trained first aid person.

Training needs will be discussed with workers at any Health and Safety Meetings and any training will be recorded in our Training Register.

5. Events (injury/illness/incident/near miss)

When an event occurs that causes a person to be injured, our priority is to preserve life by providing first aid and calling the emergency services on 111.

We will have a first aid kit and a person qualified in first aid available to our workplace at all times.

We will ensure that if there is a notifiable event our workers will preserve the scene by leaving everything as it is until we have sought advice or permission from WorkSafe NZ to clean up or move anything.

We will also take photos of the scene as a record of what has happened.

All events will be recorded and investigated using the process outlined below.

5.1 Event Reporting and Investigation

- We will ensure that there are suitable recording and reporting processes in place.
- All workers are expected to report all events to Laurent Reti (027 738 4669) or their direct supervisor/manager for recording purposes.
- All notifiable events will be immediately reported to WorkSafe NZ by the fastest means available. We will also report in writing using the prescribed form if required by WorkSafe NZ.
- All events will also be recorded on the Event Register by the Retimix staff member receiving the report and discussed at the next Health and Safety Meeting.
- We will investigate events to determine whether they were caused by risks to health and safety. Where
 applicable, we will find out what risk controls were in place, were absent, or should be put in place to manage
 any risk and prevent a repeat of the same occurrence.
- Where applicable Retimix will seek any necessary advice and guidance from specialist external support to
 ensure the Event Investigation Form or any other applicable documentation is completed and stored correctly.
- Where required we will complete a WorkSafe NZ Duty Holder Review Investigation Report.
- All persons present at the time of an event are expected to assist in any investigation.
- All eventdocumentation will be kept for a minimum of 5 years.

Event Investigation findings will be discussed at Health and Safety Meetings, and a remedial action plan will be put in place, all discussions will be recorded in a Health and Safety Meeting Checklist and be aligned to a review process.



6. Worker Induction

All new Retimix workers will be inducted to our workplace to ensure they are familiar with Retimix's expectations and have the required knowledge to carry out their work safely. General health and safety, hazards, worker safety, worker participation, worker duties and workplace rules are identified elements of this induction process.

All worker inductions will be recorded on a Worker Induction Checklist and signed by both the new worker and the person carrying out the induction. Copies will be kept on workers' personnel files.

7. Training and Supervision

- We will ensure all workers are sufficiently competent to carry out their work safely or are supervised by a competent person.
- We will ensure that all contractors are sufficiently competent and hold all the relevant qualifications for the work they are engaged to carry out.
- We will ensure workers receive adequate information, training, instruction and supervision relevant to the work they are doing.
- Inexperienced workers will be supervised at all times until they are deemed competent to carry out work unsupervised.
- Workers will also be trained in the safe use of plant, machinery and equipment, including the use and maintenance of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).
- We will maintain a record of worker training and competency on our Training Register and ensure it is updated regularly.
- Supervisors will complete any relevant training to ensure they are competent in health and safety management.
- Worker training sessions and training needs will be discussed and documented as part of staff management processes and scheduled as part of staff professional development.
- Any event (injury/illness/incident/near miss) where training has been identified as a factor contributing to an
 event, will be raised and discussed at Health and Safety Meetings.

8. Worker Participation

We will provide reasonable opportunity for all workers to participate effectively in the process of improving health and safety in our workplace.

When required, we will ensure that any elected health and safety representatives are made known to all workers and contractors. A workplace health and safety representative may be a dedicated health and safety person or worker, who is ableto act on behalf of all workers on matters of health and safety.

We will ensure worker representatives are able to actively contribute to health and safety meetings and where required, provided with the required health and safety representative training.

We will establish appropriate communication and participation methods with all workers in our workplace, to ensure all information regarding safety is discussed and passed on.

As a PCBU we will engage our workers to help us:

- Identify hazards and assess risks;
- Make decisions about ways to eliminate or minimise risks;
- Make decisions about the adequacy of our health and safety facilities; and
- Decide on appropriate worker participation practices.

This will involve:

- Sharing information on health and safety with our workers;
- Allowing our workers to express their views, raise work health and safety issues and contribute to the decision-making process;
- Taking into account the views of workers;
- Advising workers of the outcome of any discussions and decisions: and
- Involving any Health and Safety Representatives in our discussions.



We will do this by:

- Inducting all workers to our workplace;
- Providing sufficient information and training specific to the health and safety risks for the work being undertaken;
- Ensuring workers have an opportunity to participate in health and safety via health and safety meetings and health and safety representatives (where applicable);
- Holding monthly health and safety meetings with management, workers and their representatives (as applicable);
- Agreeing (as a group) on any required actions and documenting these in our Health and Safety Meeting Checklist; and
- Distributing/making the health and safety meeting outcomes available to all workers.

9. Health Monitoring

Where there is a risk of illness or injury through exposure to hazards and where these cannot be eliminated, we will minimise these risks by monitoring exposure levels and providing the appropriate PPE.

9.1 Noise

Where noise presents a hazard in the workplace we will ensure work is carried out in accordance with the Approved Code of Practice for the Management of Noise in the Workplace. Regardless of whether hearingprotection is being worn, we will ensure that no worker is exposed to noise above the following levels:

- Eight-hour equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level of 85dB; and
- Peak sound pressure level of 140dB.

All workers will be issued with AS/NZ 1270:2002 Class 5 hearing protection for any work that exceeds noise levelsof 85 decibels. Workers will get the option between earmuffs and ear plugs of a Class 5 level. Any workplace that requires the use of hearing protection at any time, would require health monitoring to ensure that no workers are being exposed to potentially harmful peak noise levels.

9.2 Dust, airborne particles and hazardous atmospheres

Where exposure to dust, airborne particles and hazardous atmospheres is present in the workplace, we will ensure the area is monitored in accordance with Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016 and WorkSafe NZ's fact sheet, which outlines the following steps to be taken:

- Hazards must be identified;
- Dust control methods are developed and used;
- Respirator protection is provided;
- Air monitoring of the workplace is regularly undertaken;
- Workers are trained on the hazards associated with the work they are undertaking;
- Workers are trained on the correct use and maintenance of provided PPE; and
- Warning signs are put in place as required.

Where appropriate, we will implement health monitoring of workers exposed to dust or airborne particles.



9.3 Loose Materials

Where a worker could become entrapped or engulfed by loose materials e.g. excavations etc., we will provide a suitable and fit for purpose safety harness attached to a securely fastened lifeline as required by Health and Safetyat Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

We will also ensure a suitably trained and competent worker is stationed to immediately rescue any worker whobecomes trapped or engulfed.

9.4 Monitoring requirements

Where required in Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016, we will ensure that health monitoring is provided to our workers who may be exposed to substances or conditions hazardous to their health. This includes where there is a reasonable chance of contracting a disease or illness:

- Illnesses would include noise induced hearing loss, back injuries, respiratory issues from exposure to hazardous atmospheres or airborne contaminants and other long-term illnesses such as asbestosis and silica dust related cancers developed in the workplace.
- Diseases include known diseases such as leptospirosis, hepatitis and tuberculosis.

Where applicable, we would obtain a baseline of our workers' health by conducting preemployment health checksand by regular ongoing monitoring of workers in the workplace. This may involve obtaining specialist health monitoring advice.

We will be proactive in seeking approval and take responsibility for informing workers about health monitoring. We will also inform workers of the results of any health and safety monitoring undertaken to meet the risk management requirements in the Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016.

Health monitoring will be raised as an agenda item and discussed at our Health and Safety Meetings.

10. Contractor Management

As a PCBU we will ensure all workers, including any contract workers, use the appropriate resources and controls to eliminate or minimise risks to health and safety.

To do this we will pre-qualify new contract workers, to ensure they are competent in health and safety management. To ensure competency, all contract workers must have an active health and safety system that addresses theirlegal duties to provide:

- A work environment without risks to health and safety;
- Safe plant and structures;
- Safe systems of work;
- The safe use, handling and storage of substances;
- Adequate facilities for the welfare at work of workers;
- Any information, training, instruction or supervision that is necessary to protect all persons from risks relating to the work they are doing;
- Monitoring the health of workers and the conditions at the workplace to prevent illness or injury;
- A maintained premises, so that a worker occupying the premises is not exposed to risk; and
- Worker participation in health and safety.

If any of our work involves the engagement of or working alongside other PCBU's (e.g. sub-contractors working on the same job), we will consult and cooperate with all contractors involved and coordinate all activities to ensure risks are managed appropriately.

Contractor management will be raised as an agenda item and discussed at Health and Safety Meetings.



11. Inductions

Contractors, clients and visitors will be made aware of the potential risks that they may face while in the workplace. This will be communicated through various means, including but not exclusive to - Inductions, Hazard Boards, workplace rules and other relevant information applicable to the workplace.

The workplace rules will outline the do's and don'ts that must be followed by any contractor, client or visitor.

All contractors, clients and visitors will be briefed on the procedures that must be followed in the event of an emergency while in the workplace.

11.1 Contractor	All contractors will be pre-qualified prior to commencement of work to ensure that they are trained and competentand working without risk to health and safety.
Induction	The supervisor/manager is responsible for inducting contractors (workers) to the workplace and for finding out whathazards, if any, they have brought to the workplace. The Hazard Board will be updated to reflect the additional hazards (if any).
11.2 Client and Visitor Induction	Chorto and violoto to the workplace will be taken through the induction i recodules and shown

12. Monitor and Review

12.1 Workplace Reviews

We will ensure all workers are meeting the required standards of health and safety by conducting regular workplace reviews using any applicable resources.

The supervisor or worker in control of the workplace is responsible for conducting reviews. They will use their experience and the information on specific hazards. Any identified hazards and the risk controls required toeliminate or minimise risks to health and safety, will be recorded at the time of the review using the relevant review resources.

The appropriate risk controls will be put in place (as soon as possible), to ensure workers are protected from harm.

Any hazards identified during the Workplace Review that could affect visitors to the workplace will be added to the Hazard Board/Register, along with the appropriate risk control to prevent them from causing any harm. Workplace Review findings will be discussed at our Toolbox Meetings and Health and Safety Meetings.

12.2 Monitoring Health and Safety

Toolbox Meetings will be conducted regularly to ensure appropriate health and safety measures are in place and the risks that were identified in the Workplace Reviews are being managed effectively.

To review our overall health and safety practices and performance we will hold regular Health and Safety Meetings. Meetings will discuss findings from Workplace Reviews, Toolbox Meetings, any recorded events (injury/illness/incident/near miss) and general health and safety matters.

General health and safety matters will include reviewing existing hazards, worker training needs, PPE requirements, health monitoring, hazardous substances, plant, machinery and equipment, other regulatoryrequirements and the sign off of Health and Safety Objectives.

Meetings will include participation and representation from all areas of the organisation including workers, supervisors and management. All representatives are expected to participate.



13. Hazardous Substances

Hazardous substances are chemicals that have been classed as having one or more of the following properties:

- Explosive
- Flammable
- Self-reactive
- Oxidising

- Toxic
- Corrosive
- Dangerous to the environment

We will manage any risks associated with the hazardous substances in our workplace using the hierarchy of controls, where possible we will eliminate the hazardous substance, else we will put multiple minimisation controls in place.

We will ensure the correct and safe use, handling, labelling, storage and transportation of hazardous substances. Where required we will also have a storage license (location test certificate) and our workers will have the correct training and handling licenses (approved handler certificate, dangerous goods license endorsement etc.).

All hazardous substances and waste held in our workplace will be recorded by type and quantity on our Hazardous Substance Register. We will ensure that the appropriate Safety Data Sheets (SDS) are readily available in the event of an emergency. We will also ensure that the required safety warning signage is displayed.

Workers will be provided with the correct PPE (and training) appropriate to the hazardous substance being used, as per the SDS. Where applicable workers will be provided with annual health monitoring.

14. Lock Out / Tag Out

All work that affects or interferes with the supply or potential supply of gas, electricity or water shall be carried out under a Lock Out/Tag Out system.

This system shall consist of a physical lock being placed at the point of isolation with an identification tag with the name and number of the qualified person completing the isolation.

If more than one worker is reliant on this isolation then they will place their own lock and identification tag at the isolation point. This is to ensure that no point of supply can be reinstated without the knowledge of all affected by the isolation.

Lock Out/Tag Out systems must not be removed or reinstated by any person other than the person who installed them.

All other mechanically generated sources of energy, such as pneumatic or hydraulic energy sources, should also be physically isolated (e.g. chocked or secured with a chain etc.) as well as (where possible) isolated using a Lock Out/Tag Out system when undergoing maintenance and/or servicing.

15. Permit to Work

A Permit to Work form must be issued by the person in charge of the workplace if the work being carried out requires it e.g. confined space entry, hot works etc.

It is the responsibility of the issuer of the permit to ensure the recipient is made aware of the safety requirements that apply to the work.

It is the recipient's responsibility to ensure that work is carried out in accordance with the permit requirements. If the work changes, the permit must be updated or a new one issued.

16. Vehicles

We will ensure that all workers using vehicles at work, are trained and competent in their use, and hold a valid clean driver's license.

All company vehicles will have a current Warrant or Certificate of Fitness, Registration, correct Road User licenses (if applicable) and will be regularly serviced and maintained.

All drivers are expected to eliminate or minimise the risks associated with vehicle hazards by complying with all road rules. It is expected that when driving long distance that regular breaks are made to avoid fatigue.

It is expected that our workers who drive company vehicles will complete and submit regular Vehicle Checklists.



17. Lone Worker

When workers are working alone, or in isolated areas, where they can't physically see or talk to other workers, the following risk controls will be put in place:

- An Emergency Plan that includes a method of regular communication;
- Access to a first aider and a first aid kit available;
- Workers will be trained and competent in the task being completed (not an apprentice or inexperienced worker);
- Workers will be provided with the correct tools and PPE for the task; and
- Lone or isolated workers will be regularly checked on.

18. Hazard Identification and Risk Management

We will consider the following when a hazard is identified:

- Where does the initial hazard stem from, is it reasonably practicable to eliminate the root cause?
- What is the likelihood that the hazard will cause an injury or incident, what controls can we put in place to decrease the likelihood of this?
- What are the consequences or effects of the hazard? Who will be affected and how could this impact on the business and productivity?

Hazards and their risk controls are identified in the following places:

- Hazard Register;
- Written on workplace Hazard Board(s);
- Task Analysis (TA), Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) or manufacturer's instructions;
- External resources;
- Safety reviews; and
- Health and Safety Meetings.

Once hazards have been identified, they will be assessed and controlled by eliminating or minimising any risks to health and safety:

- Eliminate: Where reasonably practicable, we will remove the chance of a hazard causing injury, illness or death.
- Minimise: Where we cannot eliminate the risk, we will as far as reasonably practicable reduce the chance of thehazard causing injury, illness or death by one or more of the following:
 - Substitute (wholly or partly) the hazard creating the risk with something that creates a lesser risk;
 - Isolate the hazard from any person who could be exposed to it;
 - Prevent any person from coming in contact with the hazard; and/or
 - Implement engineering controls e.g. guards, auto cut offs etc.

If the risk still remains we will further minimise the risk by using:

- Administrative controls (such as safety procedures, signs and checklists etc.); and
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

Hazards that relate to visitors to the workplace and the actions to control risks to health and safety are written on our Hazard Boards and will be displayed at the entrance(s) to the workplace. All new identified hazards and risks will be added to our Hazard Register, and new and existing actions to control the risk of a hazard causing injury, illness, incident or death will be reviewed at our Health and Safety Meetings.



19. Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)

Where there is a need to further minimise a risk to health and safety we will ensure our workers are provided with the necessary Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). We will ensure the PPE provided to our workers is:

- Suitable considering the nature of the work and any hazards;
- A suitable size, fit and reasonably comfortable for our workers;
- Compatible with other PPE;

- Maintained, stored and repaired so that it continues to be effective (e.g. clean, hygienic and in good workingorder);
- Used or worn by workers; and
- Provided with information, training, supervision, and instruction on the proper use, storage and maintenance.

We will establish a minimum PPE requirement for our sites, which will be monitored by our supervisor/manager.

Specific PPE requirements for machinery, tasks and the handling of substances are identified in Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs), manufacturers' instructions, Safety Data Sheets (SDSs), the Hazard Register and in the resources.

The PPE provided may include, but is not limited to, equipment such as safety footwear, hard hats/helmets, overalls, gloves, dust masks, respirators, eye wear, hearing protection etc.

Where applicable, PPE such as respirators, hearing protection, harnesses etc. will be maintained to a schedule and recorded in the PPE Register. We will ensure that contract workers supply suitable PPE appropriate for the task they are undertaking and makesure it is used and maintained correctly. PPE will be discussed at Health and Safety Meetings.

20. Safe Plant, Machinery or Equipment

We will ensure that all plant, machinery or equipment supplied to and used by workers, is of the required standard and is in good working order, with all safety mechanisms and guards intact.

Where required, plant, machinery and equipment will have a Standard Operating Procedure (SOP), manufacturer's instructions or both, containing information on its safe operation and maintenance.

If any plant, machinery or equipment is not in safe working order, it will be removed from service and repaired by a competent person before any further use.

All plant, machinery and equipment will be recorded in the Plant, Machinery and Equipment Register. It will be regularly checked, using an appropriate checklist and maintained to a schedule. This document will be held in our office and regularly updated. It is the responsibility of the supervisor/manager, to ensure the Plant and Equipment Register is kept up to date.

Workers will be made aware of their obligation (during induction), to regularly inspect plant, machinery or equipment and to immediately stop work and report to the supervisor/manager if any damage or fault poses a risk of injury, incident or death.

All operators will be both trained and competent to use plant, machinery and equipment or supervised by someone who is trained and competent. Suitable training will be recorded on workers individual Training Registers.

Plant, machinery and equipment will be raised as an agenda item and discussed at our Health and Safety Meetings.

21. Standard Operating Procedures (SOPs) and Manufacturer's Instructions

The SOP or manufacturer's instructions will contain information on how to manage risks to health and safety that relate to the plant, machinery or equipment, its maintenance, the required risk controls (guarding, PPE etc.), any worker training or supervision requirements and any operator safety rules. We will ensure that these are available for all major machinery operated, including maintenance work.

The SOP or manufacturer's instructions (where required), will be used as part of our induction of new workers, discussed with all workers involved in the machine use and signed off by the supervisor as part of workplace training, prior to the commencement of any work.

Hazards relating to specific plant, machinery or equipment, not already listed in the Hazard Register, will be discussed at our Health and Safety Meetings and then added to the Register



22. Task Analysis

A Task Analysis (TA) is a task specific hazard identification and risk management process used for managing high risk hazards relevant to a specific task or a worker's trade. High risk hazards include but are not limited to:

- Working at height
- Working in confined or restricted spaces
- Removing asbestos

- Excavations
- Scaffold
- Demolition

A TA may be required in addition to the overall risk management process described previously.

When applicable, we will use the TA method outlined in the specific resources to identify hazards relevant to the task we are undertaking.

Hazards identified will be documented on the TA Form or as a diary entry.

The supervisor/manager will consult with other workers present and ensure a TA is completed for any high-risk work, prior to the start of the task. Once completed, the TA will be discussed with all workers involved and all involved will sign off the TA prior to starting the task. The Hazard Board will be updated to ensure all hazards are specified.

23. High Risk Work

As a PCBU we will ensure that all high-risk work is carried out in accordance with the relevant standards, codes of practice and guidelines.

23.1 Asbestos	All work involving the identification, removal, handling and disposal of asbestos containing material (ACM) or asbestos contaminated dust (ACD) will be conducted in accordance with Health and Safety at Work (Asbestos)Regulations 2016 and the Management and Removal of Asbestos Approved Code of Practice (ACOP).
	Where our work creates a risk of asbestos contamination, asbestos has been identified or it is assumed asbestos ison site, we will ensure that we obtain and review an Asbestos Management Plan from the building owner or the person who has management or control of the site.
	Where required to remove and dispose of asbestos a licensed asbestos removalist (Class A or B) will be used. If a licensed removalist is not required (up to and including 10 square meters of non-friable ACM or ACD, cumulatively over the whole course of the removal project for the site), we will ensure the removal process is in accordance with the Asbestos Regulations and Management and Removal of Asbestos ACOP. Only competent workers will perform these tasks and all works will be suitably supervised. An Asbestos Task Analysis (TA) document will be used for this purpose.
23.2 Confined Spaces	All work carried out in a confined space as defined by AS 2865 Safe Working in a Confined Space, must be carriedout in accordance with the standard. All workers undertaking work in a confined space will be trained to US 17599 and US 18426. All confined space work will be completed under a Permit to Work system and a High-Risk Response Plan.
23.3 Working at Height	All work at height will be carried out in accordance with the Best Practice Guidelines for Working at Height in New Zealand. All workers using harnesses at height, will be trained to US 23229 and all supervisors will be trained to US15757.
	If a Mobile Elevating Work Platform (MEWP) is required, then all work will be carried out in accordance with the Best Practice Guidelines for MEWP. Any worker required to operate a MEWP will be trained to the relevant US for the type of MEWP as outlined in the guidelines.



24. Notification of Hazardous Work to WorkSafe NZ

Where hazardous work is to be carried out (see WorkSafe NZ website to identify what is defined as hazardous work), WorkSafe NZ will be informed in writing at least 24 hours (asbestos notification is five working days) prior to commencement of such work. Notification is completed online, via WorkSafe NZ's website.

Notifications of hazardous work assist WorkSafe NZ's workplace health and safety services to plan workplace visits to promote prevention of harm to all persons at, or in the vicinity of, a place of work.

When WorkSafe NZ is notified online, an electronic confirmation will be received and a copy of the notification will be kept for our records and will be held in the workplace for the duration of the job.

Workers engaging in hazardous work will be competent to perform the work and will be holders of an appropriate qualification where applicable.

The requirement to notify WorkSafe NZ is defined in the Health & Safety Regulations.

25. Site Specific Safety Plans

A Site Specific Safety Plan (SSSP) is a safety document created prior to the start of a major construction project.

A series of job specific questions are asked and once completed a SSSP document is produced containing the following:

- Contact details for the main contractor, site supervisor and safety manager;
- Address of site or place of work;
- Description of the job;
- Emergency plan;
- Information about hazard ID, risk management and the hierarchy of control;
- Know hazards/risks and that are likely to be encountered on site and the controls that should be put inplace to manage the hazards;

- Identified hazards/risks that will be encountered on site and the controls that will be put in place to managethe hazards;
- List of high-risk work that has been identified and requires a Task Analysis (TA);
- Any notifiable works for the job;
- Safety training requirements;
- The minimum PPE required for the job;

Event reporting procedures;

- Job and visitor induction;
- Site reviews;
- Toolbox meetings;
- Sub-contractors;
- Plant, machinery and equipment;
- SSSP acceptance;
- A list of forms and checklists attached (including Task Analysis documents)

A SSSP is usually created for large or complex building projects involving multiple PCBUs or when requested by a main client. A single PCBU or Lone Worker managing high risk work may not require a SSSP, however they will need a Task Analysis or similar (and an emergency plan) for the work being undertaken. The supervisor is responsible for completing the online SSSP questionnaire (by ordering a Site Pack), printing and completing the SSSP, attaching additional documents such as Training Registers, Task Analysis etc. and signing off the document. The SSSP should then be forwarded to contractors before taking the completed SSSP document to site. The SSSP will be discussed during the Job Induction process.



26. Legal Obligations and Duties

The following is a summary of the main legal obligations contained in the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 and Health and Safety at Work (General Risk and Workplace Management) Regulations 2016. Definitions of relevant terms contained in the Act and Regulations are also included:

PCBU DUTIES UNDER THE ACT

Every Person Conducting a Business or Undertaking (PCBU) must comply with health and safety legislation.

Duty to ensure the safety of workers and others	As a PCBU you are required to ensure the safety of workers and others, so far as reasonably practicable. This includes workers who are employed or engaged by you, workers who are directed or influenced by you and anyother person who enters your place of work or who is put at risk by your work.
	To address your duties as a PCBU you must ensure you provide and maintain (as far as reasonably practicable):
	A work environment without risks to health and safety;
	Safe plant and structures;
	Safe systems of work;
	The safe use, handling and storage of substances;
	Adequate facilities for the welfare at work of workers;
	 Any information, training, instruction, or supervision that is necessary to protect all persons from risksrelating to the work they are doing;
	 Monitoring the health of your workers and the conditions at the workplace to prevent illness or injury; and
	 You must also maintain any premises so that a worker occupying the premises is not exposed to risk.
Duty to provide training and supervision	PCBUs are also required to provide worker training and supervision. Workers must be competent to do their work,made aware of the potential hazards and expected risk controls. There must be a system for dealing with any emergencies that occur at work.
Duty to notify events	PCBUs must notify WorkSafe NZ of any Notifiable Events, which include a death, notifiable incidents and notifiableinjury or illness.
Duty to preserve sites	PCBUs must take all reasonable steps to ensure that any site where a notifiable event occurs is not disturbed untilauthorised by an inspector.
Duty to engage workers	PCBUs are required to engage with workers on health and safety matters.
Right of workers to refuse work	Workers have the right to refuse to do work that could cause them harm.
General PCBU	PCBUs cannot contract out of health and safety obligations.
Health and Safety obligations	PCBUs must manage risks to health and safety.
2319410710	PCBUs must not levy workers.
	PCBUs cannot transfer their obligation to another PCBU.
L	



Duty to manage risk	As a person under the Act you have a duty to: Eliminate risks to health and safety, so far as reasonably practicable; or if not possible to; Minimise those risks so far as reasonability practicable
Duty to ensure workplace is safe	A PCBU with management or control of a workplace must also ensure that the workplace, the means of entering and exiting the workplace, and anything arising from the workplace are without risks to the health and safety of anyperson.
Duty to consult with other duty holders	PCBUs who have a duty relating to the same matter (e.g. working on the same job) must, so far as is reasonablypracticable, consult, cooperate with, and coordinate activities with all other PCBUs who have a duty in relation to the same matter.
Duty of Officers	Officers of a PCBU must exercise due diligence to ensure that the PCBU complies with its duties or obligations.
Due diligence	To exercise due diligence, you must: Acquire and keep up to date knowledge of work health and safety matters; Gain an understanding of the nature of your operations and the hazards and risks associated with thoseoperations;
	 Ensure that when work is carried out, appropriate resources and processes are available for use (and areused) to eliminate or minimise risks to health and safety;
	 Ensure appropriate processes are in place for receiving, considering and responding in a timely manner toinformation regarding incidents, hazards, and risks;
	 Ensure that processes are implemented for complying with any duty or obligation of a PCBU under the Act;and
	 Verify (regularly check) that processes and resources have been provided and used.
Duties of Workers	Workers engaged or employed by a PCBU must:
	Take reasonable care for their own health and safety;
	 Take reasonable care they do not adversely affect the health and safety of other persons;
	 Comply with any reasonable instruction that is given by a PCBU; and
	 Cooperate with any reasonable policy or procedure of a PCBU relating to health or safety in the workplace.
	When using PPE, workers must:
	 Use and wear PPE in accordance with reasonable instructions of the PCBU;
	Not intentionally damage or misuse PPE; and
	Report any unfit, damaged or defective PPE to the PCBU.
Identify hazards	PCBUs have a duty to identify foreseeable hazards that could give rise to risks to health and safety.
Duty to manage	As a person under the Act you have a duty to:
risk (hierarchy of control)	 Eliminate risks to health and safety, so far as reasonably practicable; or if not reasonably practicable to
	Minimise those risks so far as is reasonably practicable.
	To the extent you have, or would reasonably be expected to have, the ability to influence and control the risks.
risk (hierarchy of	 Eliminate risks to health and safety, so far as reasonably practicable; or if not reasonably practicable to Minimise those risks so far as is reasonably practicable. To the extent you have, or would reasonably be expected to have, the ability to influence and



The most important part of this process involves the creation and use of a system that identifies hazards andmanages risks. The management of risks requires the controlling of the risk through: Elimination of the risk of any hazard causing death, injury or illness; and If elimination is not possible by minimising the risk of the hazard causing death injury or illness. Minimisation controls include: Substituting (wholly or partly) the hazard creating the risk with something that lowers the risk; Isolating the hazard from any person who could be exposed to it; and/or Implementing engineering controls. If the risk still remains we will further minimise the risk by using: Administrative controls (such as safety procedures, signs and checklists etc.); and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). If you must minimise the risk, then where possible multiple risk controls should be used. Duty to review PCBUs who implement risk controls must ensure they are effective, maintained and risk controls remain effective, includingensuring they are: Fit for purpose: Suitable for the nature and duration of the work; and Installed, set up and used correctly. Duty to maintain PCBUs must review and revise risk control measures to maintain a work environment that controls is free of risks to healthand safety. Reviewing risk controls is required: When the control does not control the risk (e.g. after a review or accident); Before a change at the workplace that could create a new risk (e.g. use of new equipment or change of jobstep); A new hazard or risk is identified (by a worker or other person); and As a result of a health monitoring report. Duty to provide PCBUs must ensure they provide workers with adequate facilities that are without risks to general health and safety so faras reasonably practicable, such as: workplace Layout of workplace so person can enter, facilities exit and move within; Work area with sufficient space; Floors and other surfaces designed, install and maintained; Suitable and sufficient lighting; Suitable and sufficient ventilation; Adequate toilets, drinking worker, hand washing facilities, break area. PCBUs must ensure that every worker conducting work, using plant or handling substances: Duty to provide training and Has the knowledge and experience to ensure the work they are doing does not cause supervision harm to the worker orothers; or Is supervised by a person who has the knowledge and experience; and Is adequately trained in the safe use of plant, objects, substances and equipment that the



To control airborne contaminants as closely as possible to their source; and For the treatment of or carrying off of airborne contaminants to minimize the chance of harm to workers. PCBUs must ensure: That adequate first aid equipment is provided for the workplace and is accessible to all workers; and An adequate number of workers are trained to administer first aid; or Workers have access to an adequate number of persons who have been trained to administer first aid. PCBUs at a workplace must ensure that an emergency plan is prepared for the workplace. The emergency planmust provide emergency procedures that: Provide an effective response to an emergency; Detail how to evacuate; Detail how to notify emergency services and others at the earliest opportunity; Identify medical treatment and assistance to be provided; Provide effective communication to coordinate the emergency response; Provide for regular testing of the emergency plan; and Provide effective communication, training and information to workers to implement the emergency plan. PCBUs who direct the carrying out of work must provide PPE to workers unless the PPE has been provided by another PCBU. PCBUs must ensure that the PPE selected is: Suitable for the nature of the work and the hazards associated with the work; A suitable size and fit and reasonably comfortable for the worker who uses it,Clean a hygienic; and In good working order. PCBUs must also ensure: PPE is used or worn by the worker; PPE is used or worn by the worker; PPE is compatible with any other PPE being used or worn by the worker; and That workers are trained in the use and maintenance of PPE. Duty to manage work manage risks to health and safety of workers associated with remote or isolated workers PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must manage risks to health and safety associated with anazardous atmospheres PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must manage risks to health and safety associated with anazardous atmospheres		
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	hazardous	PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must manage risks to health and safety associated with ahazardous atmosphere at a workplace.
3 .	Duty to manage ignition sources	PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must manage risks to health and safety associated with anignition source in a hazardous atmosphere at a workplace.



Duty to manage falling objects	PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must manage risks to health and safety associated with anyfalling object likely to injure a person at a workplace.	
Duty to manage containers of liquids	PCBUs with management or control of a workplace must ensure that where there is a container (fixed vessel, pit,sump, vat, or other container or a similar kind) that contains liquids at the workplace:	
	It is securely covered; or	
	 Enclosed by a secure fence that extends one metre above the floor, ground or platform and positioned toprovide adequate protection. 	
Duty to manage hazardous substances	PCBUs must manage risks to health and safety associated with substances hazardous to health at the workplace. Where required exposure monitoring must be carried out in accordance with the regulations.	
Duty to provide health monitoring	PCBUs must ensure that health monitoring is provided to any worker who may carrying out ongoing work using a substance hazardous to health that is specified in a safe work instrument as requiring health monitoring and thereis a serious risk to the worker's health because of exposure to the substance hazardous to health.	
	PCBUs are required to inform workers of all relevant information regarding the health monitoring including how themonitoring is to be conducted and the results of any monitoring.	

27. Definitions

Hazard: (not defined in the Act) means a situation or thing that has the potential to cause death, injury or illness (includes a person's behaviour).

Health: means physical and mental health.

Notifiable Event: means the death of a person or a notifiable injury or incident.

Notifiable Incident: an unplanned or uncontrolled incident in relation to a workplace that exposes a worker or any other person to a serious risk to that person's health or safety arising from an immediate or imminent exposure to:

- an escape, a spillage, or a leakage of a substance;
- an implosion, explosion, or fire;
- an escape of gas or steam;
- an escape of a pressurized substance;
- an electric shock;
- the fall or release from a height of any plant, substance, or thing;
- the collapse, overturning, failure, or malfunction of, or damage to, any plant that is required to be authorised for use in accordance with regulations;

- the collapse or partial collapse of a structure;
- the collapse or failure of an excavation or any shoring supporting an excavation;
- the inrush of water, mud, or gas in workings in an underground excavation or tunnel;
- the interruption of the main system of ventilation in an underground excavation or tunnel;
- a collision between two vessels, a vessel capsize, or the inrush of water into a vessel; or
- any other incident declared by regulations to be a notifiable incident for the purposes of this section.

Notifiable Injury or Illness: any of the following injuries or illnesses that require the person to have immediate treatment (other than first aid):



- the amputation of any part of his or her body;
- a serious head injury;
- a serious eye injury;
- a serious burn;
- the separation of his or her skin from an underlying tissue (such as degloving or scalping);
- a spinal injury;
- the loss of a bodily function;
- serious lacerations;
- an injury or illness that requires, or would usually require, the person to be admitted to a hospital for immediate treatment;
- an injury or illness that requires, or would usually require, the person to have medical treatment within 48-hours of exposure to a substance;
- any serious infection (including occupational zoonoses) to which the carrying out of work is a significant contributing factor, including any infection that is attributable to carrying out work
 - o with microorganisms;
 - o that involves providing treatment or care to a person;
 - that involves contact with human blood or bodily substances;
 - that involves handling or contact with animals, animal hides, animal skins, animal wool or hair, animal carcasses, or animal waste products;
 - that involves handling or contact with fish or marine mammals; or
 - any other injury or illness declared by regulations to be a notifiable injury or illness for the purposes of this section.

Officer: A company, any person occupying the position of director, a partnership, any general partner, body corporate, an unincorporated body and any person occupying a position in such an organisation. Any person who makes decisions in an organisation that affects the whole or substantial part of the business.

PCBU: a person conducting a business or undertaking, whether alone or with others and regardless of for profit or gain – excludes those defined as workers.

Plant: any machinery, vehicle equipment (including PPE) appliance, container, implement, or tool and any component or fitting connected to any of these things.

Reasonably Practicable: means what can reasonably be done to ensure health and safety. It takes into account:

- The likelihood of the hazard occurring;
- The degree of harm that might occur;
- What the person knows or should know about the hazard and how to manage it;
- The availability of ways to manage the hazard; and
- The costs versus the risk.

Risk Management: means controlling a hazard through Elimination or Minimisation.

Risk: (not defined in the Act) means the possibility that death, injury or illness might occur when a person is exposed to a hazard.

Training: the provision of adequate (relevant to the nature of the work and its risks) and readily understandable information or instruction.

Visitors: include groups such as customers, hospital patients, contractors or other visitors to a workplace, an employee's family, passersby and any other person who may be affected by the work activity.

Worker: means a person who carries out work in any capacity for a PCBU (includes employees, contractors, subcontractors, employees of labour hire companies, apprentice or trainee, person gaining work experience and volunteers).

Workplace: means a place where work is carried out including where a worker goes while at work (includes vehicles, mobile structures, aircraft, ship etc.).



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